

# Distributed Systems

## 28. Virtual Private Networks

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## Private networks

Connect multiple geographically-separated private subnetworks together

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## What's a tunnel?

**Tunnel = Packet encapsulation**  
Treat an entire IP datagram as payload on the public network

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## Tunnel mode vs. transport mode

- Tunnel mode**
  - Communication between gateways
  - Or a host-to-gateway
  - Entire datagram is encapsulated
- Transport mode**
  - Communication between hosts
  - IP header is not modified

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## IPsec

- Internet Protocol Security
- End-to-end solution at the IP layer
- Two protocols:
  - IPsec Authentication Header Protocol (AH)
  - IPsec Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)

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## IPsec Authentication Header (AH)

Ensures the integrity & authenticity of IP packets

- Digital signature for the contents of the entire IP packet
- Over unchangeable IP datagram fields (e.g., not TTL or fragmentation)

Protects from:

- Tampering
- Forging addresses
- Replay attacks (signed sequence number in AH)

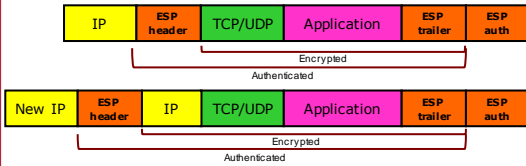
Layered directly on top of IP (protocol 51) - not UDP or TCP

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## IPsec Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)

Encrypts entire payload

- Optional authentication of payload + IP header (everything AH does)



Directly on top of IP (protocol 51) - not UDP or TCP

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## TLS/SSL

- Designed to operate at the transport layer
  - **Application-to-application VPN**
  - Public key authentication & key exchange; symmetric encryption
  - Provides applications with a socket interface
- SSL VPN
  - Can create **host-host**, **host-to-network**, or **network-network** connections
- SSL-based VPNs (e.g., OpenVPN)
  - authentication: pre-shared keys, certificates
  - Transport: UDP or TCP
  - Multiplex communication stream onto a single TCP or UDP port
  - Transport-layer, so works through proxy servers and NAT environments

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The End

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